

**Amendments to the Specification:**

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 9, line 23, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Preferred compounds of the formula (IV) are polyols, for example the following commercially available polyols or any desired mixtures thereof:

- polyoxyalkylenepolyols, also referred to as polyetherpolyols, which are the polymerization product of ethylene oxide, 1,2-propylene oxide, 1,2- or 2,3-butylene oxide, tetrahydrofuran or mixtures thereof, optionally polymerized with the aid of an initiator molecule having two or three active H atoms, such as, for example, water or compounds having two or three OH groups. Both polyoxyalkylenepolyols which have a low degree of unsaturation (measured according to ASTM D 2849 69 and stated in milliequivalent of unsaturation per gram of polyol (meq/g)), prepared, for example, with the aid of so-called double metal cyanide complex catalysts (DMC catalysts for short) and polyoxyalkylenepolyols having a higher degree of unsaturation, prepared, for example, with the aid of anionic catalysts, such as NaOH, KOH or alkali metal alcoholates, may be used. Polyoxypropylenediols and triols having a degree of unsaturation of less than 0.02 meq/g and having a molecular weight in the range of 1000 - 30 000 g/mol, polyoxybutylenediols and triols, polyoxypropylenediols and triols having a molecular weight of 400 - 8000 g/mol and so-called "EO-endcapped" (ethylene oxide-endcapped) polyoxypropylenediols or triols are especially suitable. The latter are special polyoxypropylenepolyoxyethylenepolyols which are obtained, for example, by alkoxyating pure polyoxypropylenepolyols with ethylene oxide after the end of the polypropoxylation and thus have primary hydroxyl groups;

- polyhydroxyl-terminated ~~polybutadienepolyols~~ polybutadienes;

- polyesterpolyols prepared, for example, from dihydric or trihydric alcohols, such as, for example, 1,2-ethanediol, diethylene glycol, 1,2-propanediol, dipropylene glycol, 1,4-butanediol, 1,5-pentanediol, 1,6-hexanediol, neopentylglycol, glycerol, 1,1,1-trimethylolpropane or mixtures of the abovementioned alcohols with organic dicarboxylic acids or anhydrides or esters thereof, such as, for example, succinic acid, glutaric acid, adipic acid, suberic acid, sebacic acid, dodecanedicarboxylic acid, maleic acid, fumaric acid, phthalic acid, isophthalic acid, terephthalic acid and hexahydrophthalic acid or mixtures of the abovementioned acids, and polyesterpolyols obtained from lactones, such as, for example,  $\epsilon$ -caprolactone;

- polycarbonatepolyols as obtainable by reaction of, for example, the abovementioned alcohols - used for the synthesis of the polyesterpolyols - with dialkyl carbonates, diaryl carbonates or phosgene.